NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1881.

PREPARING FOR PUBLIC BUSINESS. THE NEW PRESIDENT SETTLING DOWN TO BUSINESS -RUMORS ABOUT A NEW CABINET-ATTORNEY-GENERAL MACVEAGH'S ABSOLUTE WITHDRAWAL THE PRESIDENCY OF THE SENATE.

President Arthur is represented as hard at work, grappling with the details of the duties of his office. He will live for the present in Senator Jones's house. He is reported as favoring the election of David Davis to the Presidency of the Senate, if that shall prevent a sharp conflict between the parties. Various rumors are in circulation about the Cabinet; but the Attorney-General has placed his own position beyond doubt by saying that his resignation was made with the purpose of abso-Intely withdrawing.

THE NEW ADMINISTRATION. PRESIDENT ARTHUR BUSILY AT WORK-THE PRESI-DENCY OF THE SENATE-CABINET RUMORS.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. WASHINGTON, Sept. 27 .- President Arthur has taken held of the work before him with a will, and since the remains of President Gartield left the city be has been laboring assiduously to get his affairs in

order against the time when the rush for office will begin. Last night he sat up till 4 a. m. dictating correspondence to his stenographer, after which he retired giving orders that he was not to be disturbed until noon. His habits of work seem to be methodical, and he is evidently not afraid to take hold of the details and work them out with his own

A suite of rooms has been fitted up for the use of the President and his private secretary at the house of Senator Jones, and the President himself is authority for the statement that they will remain there at least until after the adjournment of the special session of the Senate. He prefers these quarters to the White House offices, as being more convenient. The clerks at the White House, however, will remain where they are; and papers to be submitted to the President for his consideration and signature will be carried to him daily. The White ase force of clerks will remain under the charge of Mr. Pruden, Mr. Brown's assistant. President Arthur remained at home this afternoon and received a number of callers. Attorney-General Mac-Veagh called about 4 o'clock, and shortly afterward Assistant Secretary of State Hitt. Secretary Hunt called about 5 o'clock and had a long conference

quoted as saying that he deprecated anything like a adlock, and consequent waste of time in a struggle for advantage. Rather than see such an issue precipitated he is said to have expressed himself as favorable to the candidacy of some one occupying middle ground; and, when the name of David Davis was mentioned, he said he thought such a selection would be eminently satisfactory,

In the meantime rumor is busy with the names of Cabinet officers who are to resign and of others who are to be called to take their places. The most widely accepted opinion is that which assumes that the President will accept the resignations of all the members of the Cabinet, and, at once, name a new body of advisers. Beyond this, however, nothing is known, and the guesses which are made are entitled to be spoken of as guesses only. There is a belief, however, that Postmaster-General James and Attorney-General MacVeagh will not be allowed resign until the Star Route prosecutions

to resign until the Star Route prosecutions have been ended, lest any failure on the part of the Government might be attributed to a desire to shield the accused parties. The names of Senators Jones and Logan are spoken of in connection with the Interior Department, that of Emory Storrs for the head of the Department of Justice, while Judge Settle, of North Carolina, is assigned to the Navy, and ex-Governor Morgan, of New-York, to the Treasury, Mr. Blaine is talked of for the English Mission and the name of Hamilton Fish has been whispered as his possible successor.

Another name spoken of in connection with the portfolio of the War Department is General D. C. Buell, of Kentucky, who was conspicuous in the late war by his conservatism and Fabian policy, and who was known as the McClelian of the West. However wild some of these guesses may be, they illustrate the interest that is taken in the subject in a city where so many thousand of its inhabitants are Government employes. Although it is known that the President on Thursday last, when the members of the Cabinet tendered their resignations, asked them to remain for the present, there is some reason to believe that the change will come soon—possibly within a few days.

See, 623; an increase in expenses of \$196,599; a decrease in net earnings of \$193,275. Altimeter the interest of the part of the lead of the Department of Justice, while Institute and the same period in 1880, show an increase of expenses of \$1,555,929, an increase of net earnings of \$993,237. All lines we so of Pittsburg and Earle for the eight months of 1881, as compared with the same period in 1890, show as increase of expenses of \$196,599; a decrease in acceptation that the Institute Insti

THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL TO WITHDRAW. HIS RESIGNATION NOT A MATTER OF FORM-THE

Washington, Sept. 27 .- Attorney-General Mac Veagh stated this evening when approached on the subject of the Cabinet that he had no objection to speaking frankly as to his own position. He said he recognized to the fullest extent the propriety of President Arthur selecting as his centidential advisers gentlemen who had heretofore sustained relations not only of personal good will but also of political sympathy with him. Indeed, he did not think any Administration could be strong if there was any ground for suspicion or distrust among its members.

As soon, therefore, as President Arthur had taken the eath of office, Mr. MacVeagh said, he had tended his resignation in writing. He had also assured the President that the resignation was not a form, but a fact, and that he hoped it would be convenient to designate his successor by the time the Senate met

In special session.

Mr. MacVeagh added that on public grounds he felt no difficulty in pursuing the course his feelings dictated. The only political work to which he attached any importance at this time was the work of administrative reform, including, of course, the exposure and the relentiess pursuit of all plunderers of the public treasury. If President Arthur engages heartily and theroughly, in that good work, as he hoped and believed he would, then he was entitled to the credit of doing it with an Attorney-General of his own selection, and not with one inherited from President Garfield.

The Attorney-General spoke very kindly of President Arthur, and said he was sure the country would judge him not only fairly but generously, and not by the selection of one person or another for his Cabinet, but by the general policy of his Administance. time was the work of administrative reform, includ

THE RETURN FROM CLEVELAND. MOST OF THE MEMBERS OF THE CABINET IN WASH INGTON-SECRETARY KIRKWOOD EXPECTED TO-

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27 .- The first section of the funeral train, which arrived here at 1 o'clock, was the same that bore the remains of the late President to Cleveland, and was composed of six coaches Only about twenty-five persons returned on it. Among them were Secretaries Lincoln, Hunt, Windom, Postmaster-General James and Attorney-General MacVeagh and their wives, Rear Admiral Rodgers, ex-Justice Strong, of the Supreme Court, the Rev. Mr. Powers and wife, Chief Clerk Brown

War Department, and Charles Sweet, of the War Department, Steward Crump and Messrs. Warren Young and Rickard and Atcheson, employes of the Executive Mansion. Chief Justice Waite left the trainat Harrisburg.

Secretary Kirkwood stopped at Mansfield, Ohio, where Mrs. Kirkwood has been visiting for a few days. Both the Secretary and his wife are expected to return to Washington to-morrow.

The second section of the funeral train with the returning Senators and Representatives on board arrived here at 10:30 p. m.

of the State Department, and Charles Sweet, of the

REDEMPTION OF CONTINUED BONDS.

THE PLANS OF THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY. WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—Information has been received at the Treasury Department that the Sub-Treasury at New-York has to-day purchased extended sizes to the amount of \$2,000,000 at par and accrued interest, which is equal to 100%. The Secretary is not informed what proportion of the bonds purchased to-day were included in the recent call for \$20,000,000. Holders of the bonds specified in this call are allowed until December 24 before presenting them for redemp-tion. At this date the interest will cease. If preferred,

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL. however, they may present them at the Sub-Treasury in New-York at any time, to be included in the weekly purchase of \$2,000,000. As these purchases are to be made for five weeks, and it is possible that the entire amount of bonds so purchased may be of those not included in the call for \$20,000,000, the total amount redeemed may equal the maximum possible, that is, \$30,000.000. This will depend entirely on the state of the money market each week, but it is believed at the Treasury Depart-

ment that several millions, not included in the \$20,000,000 call, will in this way be redeemed.

All the bonds specified in the late call are sixes, extended at 312 per cent interest, and it is the intention and policy of the Secretary of the Treasury to continue the purchase of bonds as the state of the finances may warrant, and to call in all the extended sixes before beginning and to call in all the extended sixes before beginning upon the fives. Of the sixes there are now outstanding and bearing interest at 3½ per cent \$178,000,000. The present call will reduce this amount to \$158,000,000, with a still further reduction depending upon the proportion of uncalled sixes which may be included in the weekly \$2,000,000 purchases. The reason given for the purchase of these bonds is that the Government can obtain them upon better terms than any other bonds, and prefers to let the banks and bankers pay the premium upon the four and four and a half per cents rather than that the Treasury should do so.

REGISTERED MAIL MATTER TO CANADA. Washington, Sept. 27.—Third Assistant Postmaster-General Hazen during a recent trip to Canada made informal arrangements with the Canadian postal authorities for a more perfect interchange of registered mail matter between several Eastern cities and Toronto and Quebec. It is proposed to send registered mails between these points guarded by a new combination lock that cannot be opened except at the ter bination lock that cannot be opened except at the ter-mini of each route. Under the proposed arrangement delays which now occur will be obviated, and thirteen hours time will be saved in transporting registered mails from Boston to Montreal, and thirty hours between New-York and Montreal. The arrangement, as stated above, is so far informal, and must be approved by the Fostmaster-Generals of Canada and the United States. There is no reason, however, to doubt that it will meet with their approval.

DELINQUENT BANKERS AND BROKERS. Washington, Sept. 27 .-- N. B. Blake, of New-York, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Wall-st. district, came on last night and had a lengthy conference linquent banks, bankers and brokers in that city. The conference resulted in a full understanding of the question, Collector Biake being in full accord with the Com missioner. There are about 600 parties in New-York af-fected by the recent decisions of the Commissioner, and some considerable time will be required to make the necessary examinations and calculate the amount of taxes due the Government.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

Washington, Tuesday, Sept. 27, 1881. The order detailing a court-martial to try Sergeaut Mason, who attempted to shoot Guiteau, and which directed the court to meet at the Washington barracks at 11 a.m. to-morrow, has been suspended for the present by General Hancock.

The board for the examination of candidates for the osition of assistant surgeon in the United States Marine hospital service, will convene in this city October 10. Eleven candidates have thus far applied and received permission to appear before the Board.

Rear Admiral Balch, on board the flag-ship Pensacola, reports to the Navy Department from Pausma, September 16, that the United States Steamer Adams arrived at that port on the 15th inst., from San Francisco. The ship's company were in good health. Upon the arrival of the officers detailed to join her, due on the 19th inst., the Adams would sail for Calino.

RAILWAY INTELLIGENCE.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

EARNINGS AND EXPENSES DURING AUGUST. PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 27.—The following is statement of the business of all the lines of the Pennsylvania Railroad east of Pittsburg and Eric for the month of August, 1881, as compared with the same \$86,623; an increase in expenses of \$196,599; a decrease in net earnings of \$109,976,

The meeting, however, was a solemn conference and the

The meeting, however, was a solemn conference and the subject under discussion was the future of the company One of the facts which gave pertinence to the subject is that unless the company pays over to the New-York Elevated Railroad Company about half a million dollars to-day, it will by to-merrow have been in default for the payment which was due on July 1 for the ninety days which under its provisions work a forfeiture of the lease. The company was restrained by an order of Court from paying the dividends, but not the interest on the bonds due on July 1. The general understanding in Wall Street about the purpose of the Metropolitan directors in their meeting is that it is to take steps to recover their road from the Mannattan Company. This has been confessed by members of the directory. The prospect is not pleasing to the Manhattan directors. Said one of them yesterday: "What the plans of the men leading in the movement are, I do not know. It cannot be that any body in this community would think of committing such a crime as wiping out of existence \$13,000,000 of stock."

stock."
"Has your Board received anything from the Metro-politan and New-York Companies looking toward a reorganization and a now lease in case the property is taken out of your hands !"
"We have not."

OPPOSING RAPID TRANSIT.

The Commissioners of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company met yesterday in the Circuit Court room, A. W. Tenney presiding. T. C. Cronin, counsel for the Fulton-st. property owners, made an argument against the construction of the road. He read the act of the New-York Legislature exempting certain streets from the encroachments of elevated roads; also a resointion of a Rapid Transit Commission, showing the impracticability of a rapid transit road in Fulton-st; also the report of a commission exempting Fulton-st, from an elevated railroad. He also presented a remonstrance from Fulton-st, property owners, who represent property worth \$5,000,000. The Commission adjourned until Thursday.

The property-owners in Fulton-st, met last evening in

Thursday.

The property-owners in Fulton-st. met last evening in Everett Hall in Fulton-st. to take measures to oppose tao building of an elevated railroad in Fulton-st. and Myrtle-ave. A permanent organization was formed with John D. Cocks as chairman and John H. Waish as secretary? T. C. Croum, Henry Mumford and others made speeches urging the property owners to go before the Commission and oppose the road. A committee was appointed to manage for the property owners the opposition to the road.

THE READING RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 27.—President Bond, of the Philadlphia and Reading Railroad states that the Board of Managers of the company will make a report to the annual meeting of stockholders in January next, cov ering the history of the corporation for a year. Some statement of the affairs of the railroad and coal and iron companies may be made prior to that time, but this will depend entirely upon circumstances. Material has been prepared for any publication that may become nec-essary, but the expediency of making such a review in advance of the annual meeting has not yet appeared.

CONSOLIDATION IN THE SOUTHWEST. LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Sept. 27.-The directors of the Paramore Narrow-gauge Railroad met here to-day, and consolidated with the Missouri and Arkansas lines. The length of the line will be over 1,600 miles, its terminus being the City of Mexico.

THE MANHATTAN RAILWAY, ALBANY, Sept. 27 .- Justice Westbrook has directed the Receiver of the Manhattan Railway Com-dany to pay the State tax, which amounts to \$13,500.

FOUR CHILDREN CONSUMED BY FIRE.

St. Louis, Sept. 27.-A special dispatch from Aidalia says: The residence of William Gibbons, on the outskirts of the town, was burned yesterday. Four children, ages from three to ten years, perished in the flames.

A WOMAN'S HEROIC DEATH.

BORDENTOWN, N. J. Sept. 27.-The wife of Jacent Cox, residing at Florence, was bitten six weeks ago by a spitz dog. Hydrophobia set in and yesterday

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

FRENCH RULE IN NORTH AFRICA. LONDON, Sept. 27 .- A dispatch to The Times from Tunis says: "Several Tunisian soldiers, who had joined the insurgents, came to Tunis recently in search of ammunition, but escaped detection. They state that different tribes have undertaken the defence of the various routes to Kairwan, and if hard pressed a general retreat into the Sahara would take place. The question of the occupation of Tunis would be decided on the return of M. Roustan. The probable destruction of the holy city of Kairwan is greatly exciting the Moslem world, and will tend to consolidate the Moslem antipathy to Christian rule in North Africa, and to produce a general revolt.

revolt.
"Typhoid fever is still prevalent at Goletta. The cemetery will hold no more bodies, 110 French soldiers having been buried there."

Paris, Sept. 27 .- A letter from Tripoli, which has been semi-officially published, states that the Porte is unable to pay the 9,000 troops already sent to the regency, and

to pay the 9,000 troops already sent to the regency, and has been obliged to raise a fresh loan, which has caused much discontent among the inhabitants.

The number of troops which embarked at Toulon yesterday for Tunis was 2,800, not 28,000.

At the meeting of seventeen members of the Extreme Left at Louis Blanc's house, the members of the deputation who waited on Jules Ferry reported that the Minister had informed them that there was no danger of a revoit m Algeria, nor were forest fires more numerous than in former years. The mobilization of forces, which had been effected, had not disorganized the army. There were only 35,000 men in Tunis, and the army in Algeria had scarcely been reinforced at all.

FELLOW-FEELING ABROAD.

London, Sept. 27.-Resolutions of condolence continue to be adopted by various public bodies, the principal to-day being those by the town councils of Cambridge and Hanley. Tenniel's cartoon in Punch to-morrow will represent Britannia consoling Columbia, and its title will be "A Common Sor-

St. Johns, N. F., Sept. 27.-Unmistakable evidences of regret for the death of President Garfield and expressions of sympathy with Mrs. Garneld were given here yesterday. Her Majesty's ships Druid and Contest were draped in mourning at 8 o'clock with the Stars and Stripes at half-mast; the public buildings, mercantile houses and shipping generally did likewise. At noon the Druid began firing minute guns and continued to do so until 12:20 o'cloc.

Bucharest, Sept. 27.—The Roumanian Ministers and foreign representatives attended a funeral service in memory of President Garfield yesterday.

CUBAN NEWSPAPERS SUSPENDED.

CUBAN NEWSPAPERS SUSPENDED.

HAVANA, Sept. 27.—Captain-General Blanco has issued a decree dated September 24, as follows:

"Considering that the newspapers El Relampago, La Bulla and the Eco de la Villas are merely intent upon calumity, defamation and insult, boasting an exaggerated patriotism, reviving by gone discord, stirring up passion and perturbing the moral peace of the masses, and considering that these papers are no organs of the aspirations of public opinion, and that the Press Law is ineffecent to punish such a misdemeanor;

"Using the attributes which Article 2d of the Royai Decree of June 9, 1878, which accords to the Governors-General, said papers are hereby suppressed."

The proprietors of the Relampago and the Bulla were

The proprietors of the Relampago and the Bulla were already sent to Spain by the mail steamer of Sunday. The Relampage was Conservative and the Bulla and Eco were Autonomists. The Eco was editedby Signor Santa Clara. Public feeling, which was excited by these papers, is now considerably caimed.

THE EMPERORS' MEETING.

VIENNA, Sept. 27 .- The Algemeine Zeitung says; "Inquiries have been made within the last few days, relative to the accommodation available at Osanca in Russian Poland, for the Austrian and Russian Im

dispatches published by a newspaper at Pesth substan onspacenes punished by a newspaper at Festh substan-tially interpret the situation. The journal, however, doubts the correctness of the expression "unexpected moderation." Russia did not require the Dantzig inter-view to form an opinion upon the political views of Prince Hismarck, as it had an opportunity to do so by constant correspondence.

Dublin, Sept. 27 .- Mr. Parnell, speaking at a land meeting in Queens County yesterday, explained the nature of the test cases which it is proposed to bring kinds, viz: holdings which cannot be described as amos, viz: nothings which cannot be described as rack-rented; heldings whereon the tenant made improvements long ago, and holdings where recent improvements have been made. He advised the farmers to abide by the guidance of the League until these cases are tested. He also said that he proposed to present the test cases to the court in the order named. The presentation of the heavily rack-rented cases first would enable the court to gain credit by decreeing very large reductions, which would still full short of fair rent, and would ons, which would still fall short of fair rent, and would us establish a high standard of rents. LONDON, Sept. 27.—Father Sheeby and four other suspects have been released from prison.

LUXEMBURG, Sept. 27 .- The doors of the National Bank of Luxemburg have been closed by the Government. It is officially announced that the notes of the bank will no longer be accepted at the public treasuries. It appears that the bank was oblignd to go into liquidation in consequence of holding a quantity of bad bills. It is indebted to the Government in the sum of \$100,000. The working classes hold \$600,000 in its notes. There is great excitement, and the bank building is guarded by gendarmes.

THE TRANSVAAL CONVENTION.

LONDON, Sept. 27 .- A dispatch to The Daily News from Pietermaritzburg says the order to stop the withdrawal of the troops has caused some excitement here. Though the speeches in the Transvaal Volksraad all strongly oppose the convention with England, it is believed that the convention will be ratified under protest, and an appeal made to England for concessions on the contested points.

THE ANGLO-FRENCH TREATY.

LONDON, Sept. 27.-The Manchester Guardian's dispatch from Paris says the Angio-French Commissioners for a revision of tariffs dismissed the subject of cotton yarns yesterday. There are complaints as to the manner in which the French Commissioners received the delegates representing this branch of English indus-try. They appear to have already made up their minds.

BRANCH TO BE SURRENDERED.

Torogro, Ont., Sept. 27 .- W. T. Branch,

FOREIGN NOTES.

London, Tuesday, Sept. 27, 1881.

Iroquois has been scratched from the Grand Duke
Michael's Stakes, to be run at Newmarket next Thursday. He was expected to meet Foxhall. It is stated that the Hamburg-American Steam Packet Company has again decided to increase the number of vessels available for their New-York line.

The New-Zealand Parliament has been prorogued. It as passed the Government bill redistributing seats in the House of Representatives. There will be a general election shortly.

At a meeting held at Manchester to-day of Yorkshire spinners and doublers, representing 900,000 spindies, it was unanimously resolved to work four days weekly for four months, beginning forthwith. The British ship Arcadia, Captain Fowler, which sailed from San Francisco April 29, for Queenstown, was

wrecked June 6, on Ducie Island. Her crew was saved and landed June 15, on Pitcairn Island. A dispatch from Alexandria, says that in consequence of the outbreak of cholera at Djiddah, orders have been issued to break off communication between the Egyptian

and Arabian coasts. There were forty-six deaths from cholera at Aden last week. The first October meeting at Newmarket, began to-day, The race for the Nursery Stakes was won by J. Barnard's br. f. Sing Song. Fifteen ran, including J. R. Keene's b. c. Golden Gate. The race for the Great Foal Stakes was won by Mr. Blanton's b. c. Scobell.

A dispatch to The Telegraph from Paris says: "A duel on account of a newspaper dispute has taken place of the Belgian frontier between M. Harden-Hickey, editor of The Triboulet, and M. Lyon, editor of The Gaulois. Swords were used. The latter received a slight wound in the hand."

The Times this morning says: "A good authority cal culntes that with a week's stoppage of two-thirds of the trade, 60,000 bales would be left in the hands of the cotton corner at Liverpool, which explains why the corner was not materially affected by the recent stoppage, that number of bales being small compared with the amount cornered."

A Reuter dispatch from Barcelona, says an International Socialist Congress has assembled in that city; 500 delegates attending it. It has approved the terms of a manifesto to be sent to all Socialist Societies. A com-munication from a number of Russians in London con-curs in the objects of the Congress. The president and secretary of the Congress have been arrested for ex-pressing approval of the proceedings of the Mibilists.

that she should be tied with a strong cord so that she AN AWAKENING IN POLITICS. Committee, he hoped that the members would contribute could not injure any one.

THE REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

UNITED STATES SENATOR MILLER A DELEGATE-CON-TESTING DELEGATES FROM OSWEGO AND ONEIDA-THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION-CITY

CONVENTIONS. Contesting delegations to the Republican State Convention were elected yesterday in the counties of Oswego and Oneida; and uncontested delegations in the counties of Allegany, Herkimer. Onondaga and St. Lawrence, Among the prominent delegates chosen were United States Senator Miller, George B. Sloan, ex-Speaker of the Assembly, Congressman Hiscock, and Senator Lynde, Ex-United States Senator Kernan was elected a delegate to the Democratic State Convention. In this city the Republican Central Committee selected the days for holding local nominating

THE STRUGGLE FOR DELEGATES. SENATOR MILLER AND GEORGE B. SLOAN DELEGATES -CONTESTED DELEGATIONS TO THE REPUBLI-

CAN STATE CONVENTION FROM OSWEGO AND ONEIDA COUNTIES. Oswego, Sept. 27.-The Republican Con-

rention in the 1st Assembly District met here at noon today, and throughout its meeting was a scene of great

Committee, who said he was instructed by the committee to call ex-Senator A. C. Mattoon to the chair. A delegate moved that D. W. Gardner be substituted for temporary chairman. The chairman refused to recognize the delegate's right to nominate a temporary chairman. Thereupon the delegate made his own motions, and both chairmen simultaneously appeared on the platform. Two sets of secretaries were elected, and

two conventions were held in the same hall.

The anti-Conkling men named as delegates to the State Convention the following: Ex-Speaker George B. Sloan, A. H. Failing, C. B. Enson, W. G. Gage and ex-Senator Benjamin Doolittle.

The Conkling men elected as delegates: Assemblyman P. W. Cullinau, ex-Assemblyman Charles North, ex-Assemblyman G. M. Case, S. O. Wilmarth and O. J. Jennings.

nings.

Both conventions agreed upon a delegation to the judiciary convention favorable to Judge J. C. Churchill's nomination for Judge of the Supreme Court.

UTICA, N. Y., Sept. 27.—At the Republican Convention

in the Second Assembly District to-day, William S. Bart-lett, of Clinton, an anti-Stalwart, was elected chairman by a vote of forty to eight. The eight Stalwart delegates who represented the town of Marshall, and the First and

who represented the town of Marshall, and the First and Second wards of Rome, immediately withdrew and elected a contesting delegation to the State Convention. The regular delegates elected were: Ex-Senator Samuel Camebell, M. B. Cadr. W. J. Clarke, and Samuel H. Fox. The contesting Conkling delegates are: E. F. Brown, H. B. Cady, Jr., J. L. Suples, and Seth W. Peck.

The Republican Convention in the Third District of Onelda County, held yesterday, also was divided. The anti-Conkling men elected the following delegates: John G. Dowance, Assemblyman T. D. Roberts, William R. Stanburg, John Riedman and John K. Pugh. The Conkling men elected R. H. Morchouse, Barrington Botton, Samuel M. Ferguson, C. Rogers and William Lewis.

HERKIMER, Sept. 27.—The delegates to the Republican State Convention are: Senator Warner Miller, of Herkimer; ex-Assemblyman Titus Sheard, of Little

Herkimer: ex-Assemblyman Titus Sheard, of Little Falls; C. W. Hamlin, of Fairfield; Clinton A. Moon, of Newport; Samuel Remington, of Garman Flats. SYRACUSE, Sept. 27.-The Second Assembly District Republican Convention by acciamation elected Con-Forest G. Weeks and Edgar P. Glass, as delegates to the Republican State Convention. They are all Garfield

CANTON, Sept. 27.—The Second Assembly District Republican Convention was held here to-day. The fol-lowing delegates were elected to the State Convention: Judge Leslie W. Russell, Senator D. S. Lynde, Assembly-man Worth, Chambertain and Robert Dalzell. They are all anti-Conkling men. Elmira, N. Y., Sept. 27.—The Allegany County Re-

egates to the Republican State Convention: S. M. Nor-ton, G. H. Blackman, Charles Elmer, James Lockhart, A. ton, G. H. Buesman, Charles Eimer, James Lockhart, A. E. Crandall, William VanOstrand. The County gives its Senatorial delegates to Summer Baldwin, of Wellaville. Stenžen County will probabably give its delegates to Senator Davenbort; Chemung County has given hers to J. S. Fassett. The probabilities are that the Senatorial Convention to be held at Corning on October 5, will be a spirited one.

Utica, Sept. 27 .- The Democratic Conventon of the First Assembly District of Oncida County to day elected ex-Senator Francis Kernan and Horatio S. VanValkenburg delegates to the Democratic State Con-

EX-SENATOR KERNAN A DELEGATE.

SENATOR SESSIONS CONSOLED. ing to-day of the Board of Supervisors of Chautauqua

CITY DELEGATES TO THE CONVENTION. It is generally taken for granted that nearly

held under the call of the Republican Central Committee will send Conkling delegates to the State Convention There were three districts which would probably have sent anti-Conkling delegates, these were the IVth, IXth and XVth Districts. But the Republican Central Committee, acting under the authority of the State Committee, has appointed a committee to reorganize the associations in the IVth and XVth Districts, and this work has been completed. It is safe to say that it has been done in such a way as to insure the return of Conkling dele

The IXth District has always had the reputation of being very independent, and when Mr. Conkling resigned his seat, the Republican association of that district lost no time in declaring for Presi-dent Garfield. This is the only district that seems now likely to send anti-Conkling delegates. At the same time it is not opposed to the present Administration. It believes in supporting President Arthur if he pursues a wise course.

There will be contesting Republican delegations from nearly or quite all the Assembly Districts in this city. The organization known as the Republican Central Club, of which Sheridan Shook is president and A. J. Dittenhoeffer chairman of the Executive Comuittee, will send contesting delegations to the State Convention, and demand admittance on the ground that the Republican Central Committee does not fairly represent the Republican voters of this city. Some of the members say that they will run separate tickets for Senators and Assemblymen, and the various local offices. This club will meet this evening in Clarendon Hall and

This club will meet this evening in Clarendon Hall and issue a call for primaries.

The Republican Central Club, of which B. F. Mainerre is President, will not send delegations, but will send a rejuest that a new enrollment be had in the Assembly Districts on the ground that the present associations do not represent the majority of the Republicans, and that, in some districts at least, Republicans are not allowed to join the Asseciation because those who are in control are fearful of being displaced.

The primaries ordered by the Republican Central Committee for the election of delegates to the various Assembly District conventions will be held on Friday evening.

The Republican Central Club, of which B. F. Manierre is chairman, held a meeting last evening at No. 23 East Fourteenth-st. John Beatie, on behalf of the Executive Committee, offered a resolution asking that a committee of one from each Assembly district

THE REPUBLICAN CENTRAL CLUB.

should be appointed to go to the State Convention and urge a reform of the abuses of the present management of the Republican local organizations in this city or the Repulment focal organizations in this city by a recurred method of the Republican voters. Christopher Pullman offered a substitute, to the effect that primaries should be held in the several Assembly Districts to elect delegates to the State Convention. Mr. Manierre left the chair and asked for the adoption of the regular resolution, which then was adopted by a large majority.

Appropriate resolutions concerning the death of President Gardeld were also adopted.

The Republican Central Committee met last evening for the purpose of naming the time and place for holding the various local conventions for nominations It was resolved that the primaries be held on Friday evening, October 14, to choose delegates to the variou Tuesday, October 25; the Congressional Conventions to

fill vacancies in the IXth and XIth districts on Friday,

REPUBLICAN CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

October 24; the Judiciary Conventions on Saturday, October 22; the convention to nominate Aldermen on October 22; the convention to nominate Aldermen on Monday, October 14; the Assembly District Conventions on Friday, October 23, and the Senate Conventions on Friday, October 21.

Colonel C. S. Spencer moved that the Academy of Music be selected as the place for holding the State Convention. It was said by the chairman that this was a matter which rested with the Executive Committee. There was not much doubt, however, that the Academy would be chosen. Secretary Smith said that, as the expenses of the convention would be borne by the Central

APPOINTMENTS IN BROOKLYN. It has been rumored for several days in Brooklyn that President Anderson, of the Board of Supervisors, would appoint William H. Lenning and ex-Supervisor Egolf or Robert Sullivan, Commissioners of Supervisor Egolf or Robert Sullivan, Commissioners of Countissioners Shipman and Henry, whose terms expired that the places of countissioners Shipman and Henry, whose terms expired to the shipman and the stated on good authority that none of these men will be appointed, but that the places will be given to ex-Supervisor Fleeman, of the Twenty-fourth Ward, and a resident of Flatbush. It is stated that Mr. Lenning is to be appointed warden of the Kings County Penitentary, in place of John Green. The appointments must be made before October.

LISTENING TO OBJECTIONS.

The sub-committee of the Central Committee of the XVth Assembly District Republican Association heard objections to applicants for enrolment, at No. 352 West Thirty-fifth-st. yesterday from 2 to 5 p. m. About 10 per cent of the enrolled list was objected to. The sub-committee will decide on the objections and report as soon as possible to the Central Committee.

RAILWAY PASSENGERS IN PERIL. A SLEEPING COACH PLUNGES INTO THE DETROIT

RIVER-LOSS OF LIFE. DETROIT, Sept. 27.-A passenger train on the Canada Southern Railroad due here at 1 a. m., while to Grasse Isle, met with an accident. The transfer-boat was run with such force against the dock at the island as to throw forward the sleeper, which ran along the track on the boat and plunged headlong into the water in the slip. The passeager coach immediately behind it also was forced forward, and the forward trucks went over the end of the boat; the coupling between this coach and the one behind did not break, however, and the car hung over the edge of the boat at an angle of forty-five de

grees, and one end just touched the water. The chaines of the boat were at once reversed, and as it backed away from the slip, the "sleeper," which had fallen into the water, rose and turned over on its side, the trucks attached to it having sone to the bottom. All was confasion. The passenger in the "sleeper" clung to the side out of water, tried to break through the windows, and cried pitconsiy for help. The sixty or seventy others who were in the passenger coach behind were pante stricken, and rushed pell-mell for the ead of the car furthest away from the water. Some of them elambered out at the sides and fell into the water. Others of the passengers who stood on the deck of the beat saw the dauger of those in the stream and plunged in to rescue them as soon as possible. Passengers and train men clambered on the top of the coach that was floating in the water, broke open the windows and pulled out the dripping occupants. When all in sight had been rescued it was found that of the fourteen passengers in the sleeper three were missing. The darkness of the night, the confusion, and the fact that nearly all the passengers were strangers to each other make it possible that all were rescued, but it also leaves a painful uncertainty as to whether there are not several persons drowned. Six passengers went down with the ear, but were rescued, with the exception of a man named Bloom, who occupied section 11. A careful scare, for him was made, but he had not been found at last accounts. it backed away from the slip, the "sleeper," which had

RESCUE OF TRAIN ROBBERS FEARED.

GOVERNOR CRITTENDEN OF MISSOURI PLACES

GUARDS ABOUT INDEPENDENCE JAIL. St. Louis, Sept. 27.-Governor Crittenden eccived last night a telegram from Independence stating that there was danger of a mob breaking into the jull and rescuing the robbers confined there and asking

p. m., to-day, says that Governor Crittenden accompamorning and is in attendance at the trial of Ryan, one of the Glendale train robbers. It is the opinion of the people that in the event of Ryan's conviction an attempt will be made to rescue him. A good deal of excitement prevalls. The court room is crowded and the streets lined with people from the notorious locality known as "Crackers Neck," who watch every movement of the marshals with great interest. A detachment of the Craig Rifles are in attendance: also Captain Craig, Police Commissioner of Kansas City, and should a rescue be attempted much bloodshed will be the result.

PISTOL SHOOTING OF RAILROAD DIRECTORS.

Reno, says: "A stock olders' meeting of the Nevada purpose of ousting some of the directors. When the meeting was canced to order F. F. rowier stated that it was a stockholders' meeting, and requested all others to retire. No one moved, and he pointed to ex-Judge E. D. Wheeler and James McMechan, of San Francisco, and Treasurer Coffin, of Carson, and told them if they did not go out they would be put out. They still remained, and a rush was made. Pistols were drawn and fired rapidity, and S. C. Scovell, secretary, and S. W. Belch, of San Francisco, were wounded, the physicians thus fatally."

WRECKED ON THE CALIFORNIA COAST.

LOSS OF THE SHIP HALESBURG-THE CAPTAIN AND

TEN OTHER PERSONS DROWNED. San Francisco, Sept. 27.-A dispatch from Spanishtown, San Mateo County, says the ship Hales-burg, from New-York, loaded with railroad iron for Oreron, struck a rock at Hovian's Beach at midnight on Monday and went to pieces. Of the crew, consisting of twenty-four persons, nine men, with the captain, were drewned, and one boy, age thirteen years, was also lost. The bodies have not been recovered.

THE TRIAL OF THE MALLEYS.

NEW-HAVEN, Sept. 27 .- At the Malley trial this forenoon Frederick C. King, formerly a clerk at the Branford Point Hotel, testified that Walter Malley and a woman were at the hotel on Friday evening, August 5, at 9:15 o'clock. They departed at 9:30.

Frederick H. Stowe, a milkman, testified to seeing Walter Malley and a woman at 7:15 o'clock the same even ing, riding toward Branford on the East-Haven road. Willis L. Mix, a clerk at Clock's drug store, and John Kelley, a farm laborer, gave the same testimony.

THE SPRAGUE LAW CASES.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 27 .- In the Sureme Court to-day various cases, involving the Sprague reditors of the Quidnick Company and Z. Chafee trustee, came up for argument, which will probably con tinue several days. The opening argument was on the motion to require the Quidnick Company to elect whether it will proceed at law or m equity General B. F. Butler and General B. A. Pryor are of counsel for the Spragues, and C. Hart, B. F. Thurston and others for M. Chafee and the creditors.

CONVICTED OF WIFE MURDER, CHESTER, Petin., Sept. 27.—Patrick Kilconrse who murdered his wife in this city July 4, was convicted to lay of murder in the second degree.

MOVEMENTS OF THE TRAINING SHIPS.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 27.—The United States raming ships Portsmouth and Saratoga, of the training fleet, raived here this morning. They will go to New-York to-sorrow, and thence to Yorktown.

MOTOW, and thence to YOKKOWA.

A CHIEF OF POLICE REMOVED.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 27.—Chief of Police Harvey was removed from effice to-day, and Alexander McCall was appointed Acting Chief. This is the end of the exciting local coutroversy over police affairs.

STONECUTTERS ON STRIKE.

PHILADILPHIA, Sept. 27.—Two hundred and forty denections, comprising all the sandstone and marble cutters in the city, went on strike this morning. They demand a re-inction in time of one hour in a day's work.

above the knee and was also internally injured.

THE OHIO RIVER COMMISSION.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Sept. 27.—The Ohio River Commission, in session here, this afternoon passed a resolution requesting Senators and Congressione of all the States interested in the improvement of the Ohio, to meet in this city on October 18, for the purpose of inspecting the work on Davis Island Dam.

TERRIBLE FALL INTO A MINE.

WILKESBARRE, Penn., Sept. 27.—Charles Fulloroth, a well-known uniner in the employ of the Delaware and Hudson Company, accidentally walked into the No. 2 shaft at Plymouth this evening. He fell a distance of 155 feet. When his body was brought to the surface it was hardly recignizable.

able.

FATAL EXPLOSION OF A LOCOMOTIVE.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 27.—The boiler of a locomotive on the Minnesota and St. Paul Railroad exploded yesterday, hirowing the locomotive and two cars off of the track, and killing Engineer Grove, of Bradbury, and injuring Conductor Jones and a fireman. None of the passengers were intered.

shot Down and Killed.

Memphis, Tenn., Sept. 27.—W. T. Boteler was shot and killed at Scanlon's Lauding last night by Deputy sheriff Ward. The two men quarrelled on Sinday over a business transaction. Boteler came to Memphis yesterday, and on his return home last night, as he stopped ashore from the steamer, was shot down by Ward.

AN ENGINEER'S PATAL FALL
FREMONT, O., Sept. 26.—Gabriel Beckberger, an engineer in Tachumy's furniture factory in this city, met with a horrible death this morning. While oiling the engine he slipped and fell headforemost against the fly wheel making two hundred revolutions a minute. He died instantly.

PRICE FOUR CENTS.

THE LATE PRESIDENT. NATURE OF THE FATAL WOUND.

DR. BOYNTON ON THE DISCOVERIES MADE DURING THE AUTOPSY-SUSPICIONS THAT WERE CON-FIRMED.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.!

CLEVELAND, Sept. 27.-There has been a constant stream of visitors to-day, both to Lake View Cemetery to see the tomb where the late President's remains are temporarily deposited, and to the catafalque and funeral car. The latter has been drawn back to the public square in the city. The crowd of strangers was so great yesterday that the capacity of the railroads was insufficient to carry all in comfort who desired to depart, and to-night even many strangers remain here for that reason.

A rumor seems to have gained currency that Dr. Boynton would make some formal public statement after the funeral ceremonies were all over, criticising the course of the late President's surgeons, their statement and their autopsy. Dr. Boynton said to-day, in effect, that he had no such purpose. All matters which were of sufficient interest to the public to know would, he thought, be brought out upon the trad of Guiteau. He seemed to think that, in his position of intimacy with the family of the late President and his connection with the case, it would be indelicate for him to become an accuser or a critic of the physicians. He reiterated the opinion a critic of the physicians. He reiterated the opinion he had form-rly expressed in regard to the presence of pyzmia, and speke with positiveness in regard to the metastatic abscess and the lung affection. He thought that nearly all the threatening symptoms, after about the lat of Augus, were due to blood poisoning, and that the lung difficulty, which was scrious in charac er and due also to blood poisoning, developed before heaving Washington. These facts the physicians, it will be remembered, did not admit until a few days before the late President's death, the cough being attributed by the new properied.

"When the lung tissue was divided," said Dr. Boynton, "pus poured out in abundance, mainly from the minute bronchial tubes, and there existed in a marked degree that peculiar congestion of the lobules of the lungs wich constitutes the first stage in metastatic abscesses. This condition of the lungs constitutes one of the most common complications in pyaemia and is essentially different in its nature from an ordinary case of bronchial pneumonia." Dr. Boynton was shown a statement published in a newspaper to the effect that he had said the builet was accidently found loose and rattling around in the bottom of the bowl in which the intestines had been placed. He said he had made no such statement, but added that he might have said in private conversation, having had no idea that it would be published, that when the contents of the abdominal cavity were removed and placed in a wash-bowl the bullet was conveyed with them into the bowl, where it was afterward discovered, after the failure to find it in the region of the pus cavity, which had been mistaken for the track of the bullet. Dr. Boynton said that the statement before the President's death that he had been remonstrated with by Drs. Hamilton and Agnew for statements made not in accordance with theirs was entirely untrue, and that his personal relations with the doctors were cordial.

Mrs. Garneld and her family departed this morning for Mentor.

REVIEWING THE CASE. Dr. George F. Shrady, who went to Washington at the invitation of Dr. Bliss to examine the history of the President's case, returned home last evening. In conversation with a TRIBUNE reporter he said that after a talk with Dr. Bliss, and after examining Museum, he was convinced that all had been done

that was possible to preserve the President's life, "Much has been said," continued Dr. Shrady, "in regard to the wound not being treated antiseptically; but it was so treated, and very soon, too, after the injury. The consulting surgeons were called at Dr. Bliss's suggestion-Dr. Agnew being chosen by himself and Dr. Hamilton by the Cabinet. His associates and the consulting surgeons were always con-

ciates and the consulting surgeons were always con-ferred with even when matters of unimportant de-tail were to be considered. Looking at the case from a purely medical point of view it could not have received better treatment.

"My own examinations confirm the results of the autopsy as far as they have been made known. The immediate cause of death was the rupture of the blood sac attached to the splenic artery. As this sac rested on the track of the ball a probe inserted in the wound and carried to it would have punein the wound and carried to it would have tured it, in which case death would have

instantly."

"What is thought to have been the cause of the formation of the blood sac f"

"The ball in its passage is supposed to have injured the arrery. The blood sac was the result of

OFFICIAL EXPRESSIONS OF SORROW. Washington, Sept. 27 .- Messages of condolence continue to be received at the Department of State. Following are some which have not yet been published:

The Belgian Minister, Baron Another, writes, Septemper 20, to Secretary Blaine : I have the honor, by order of my Government, to ex-press to your excellency and to Mrs. Garfield the prodeath of the President has inspired in the King, my august sovereign, and in the Belgian Government. His Majesty and the Government participate deeply in the calamity which has fallen upon the United States.

The Swedish and Norwegian Minister at Washington

transmits the following copy of a telegram from the Assistant Secretary of State at Stockholm: CARLERUHE, Baden, Sept. 21, 1881.

Express to the Government and Mrs. Gardeld his Majesty, the King's, heartfelt compassion.

LAGERHEIM.

The following telegram has been received from the President United States of America, Washington:
The Mexicau Republic profoundly sympachizes with the Government and people of the United States of America in rendering funeral honors to President Garfield.

IV.

To this President Arthur

To this President Arthur sent the following reply

MANUEL GONZALES, President of the Mexican Republic, City of Mexico.

On behalf of the American Government and people, I acknowledge with grateful appreciation the message of sympathy you send from a neighboring and friendly Nation for the great loss which has fallen upon us in the death of one whom you join with us in honering.

CHESTER A. ARTHUR.

Mr. Hitt, Acting Secretary of State, Washington, D. C. Cristobal Colon. Duke of Veragua, descendant of the illustrious Colon, sent me the following telegram: "Americanist Congress, to-day assembled in Madrid for its first session, manimously asks you to convey to widow and mother and children of General Garfield and to American people sincere expression of sympathy and condolence of great loss experienced by America. I beg you to transmit this to the family of the unfortunate President."

VI.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,

WASHINGTON, Sopt. 26, 1881.

Signor BARCA. Spanish Minister, New York.

Your telegram transmitting the, message of Christopher Columbus, Duke of Veragua, the descendant and representative of the great discoverer, has been communicated to the family of President Garfield. In their name and that of the Government, I hasten to assure you that this sympathetic expression from the body of distinguished men assembled at Madrid and from the descendant of Christopher Columbus is gratefully received by the widow, mother and children of the departed President, and by our grief-tricken people.

ROBERT R. HITT, Acting Secretary.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 27 .- The Garfield

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 27.—The Garfield Monument Fund Committee issued the following to-day: To the People of the United States:

The movement to secure funds for the erection of a monument over the grave of James A. Garfield, is being responded to from all sections of the country—East. West, South and North. In order to make it pepular and successful, it is desirable and will be necessary for the citizens of the different States to immediately organize. The committee hereby request all National banks, private bankers, savings banks, newspapers and postmasters to call attention to the movement by posting notices and otherwise, and to receive contributions and to remit the same to the Second National Bank of Cleveland, Ohio, which has been designated as treasurer of the fund; also te send the names will all be recorded in books that will be preserved in the monument. All centributions will be receipted for by the Second National Bank.

J. H. Wade, H. B. Payne, Joseph Perkins, J. H. Rhodea

The trust fund for Mrs. Garfield, up to 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, had reached \$321,251 86, the subscriptions during the day aggregating \$8,348, The largest subscriptions received were \$1,000 each from Alexander Mitchell, of Milwaukee; Ogder